Allendale Association

learn. grow. heal.



Founded in 1897, the Allendale Association is a private, not-for-profit organization dedicated to excellence and innovation in the care, treatment, education and advocacy for children and youth with serious emotional, mental and behavioral health challenges.

ADMINISTRATION

Main: 847-356-2351

- President
- Development & Public Relations
- Finance
- Human Resources
- Quality Improvement
- Volunteer Services

SPECIALIZED EDUCATION SERVICES

Lake Villa: 847-356-3334 Woodstock: 815-206-5725 North Chicago: 847-693-2060

- Special Education Programs
- Day Treatment Special Education
- ML's Place, Career & Technical Education Center
- Hidden Treasures Gift & Thrift Store
- Bernard B. Rinella Jr. Greenhouse
 & Mazza Gardens

RESIDENTIAL CARE & TREATMENT SERVICES

Main: 847-245-6207 Intake: 847-245-6327

- Lake Villa, IL Campus
- North Chicago, IL
- Samuel S. Becker Community Residential Home & Walter Cherry Group Home Program, Waukegan, IL
- Aftercare Services

CLINICAL & COMMUNITY SERVICES

Bradley Counseling Center Lake Villa: 847-356-3322 Gurnee: 847-244-7177

- Outpatient Counseling Services
- Family Services
- Specialized Foster Care
- Community Support Program
- Wraparound Services
- Proops Professional Development Training Center

ACCREDITATION

- The Council on Accreditation of Services for Families & Children, Inc.
- The Joint Commission
- AdvancED
- The Commission on Accreditation for American Psychological Association —Pre-Doctoral Internship Program

Allendale Association, an equal opportunity employer, values and supports diversity in its workplace.

A Message from the Director:

In our constantly changing world, we want to assure you that we are still open and accepting new clients. Our professional staff of therapists is here to help you and your family during the COVID-19 pandemic.

At Bradley Counseling Center, we continue to be focused on our clients' and staff's well-being - both physically and emotionally, in order to meet dynamic and changing needs. During this time, we are here to provide for your mental health needs, being ever vigilant in protecting your, as well as our staff's, health. As such, we are following state and federal guidelines related to social distancing.

In order to meet the new challenges and needs of our clients, we are providing video or phone therapy rather than in-person sessions until we are able to safely meet in person. At this time, most insurance providers are covering video/phone sessions in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. While video or phone therapy may seem overwhelming in itself, our therapists will help walk you through the process to help you feel more at ease with the process. Our intake staff is able to take your calls, answer questions, and schedule you with one of our professional clinicians. Our trained therapists will then connect with you at your scheduled appointment time via video/phone - whichever is better for you.

As you are adjusting to the "new routine," it may be helpful to consider some ways to take care of your mental/emotional health in addition to protecting your physical health. I have included an article from the World Health Organization about mental health considerations during these challenging times so you have some ideas — such as limiting your exposure to the news and social media, being careful about the information you read, and remaining connected with people through phone calls. If you are in need of ideas to keep you and your family healthy, please also see the following website: www.cdc.gov/nCoV. We have also created a link on the home page of our website where additional resource information can be found https://allendale4kids.org/.

Again, we will work to continue to meet your mental health and emotional needs in these challenging times while also doing what we can to protect you, your family, and our staff's physical health.

Thank you for working closely with us as we navigate this together.

Sincerely,

Sandra Clavelli, Psy.D.

Director, Clinical and Outpatient Services

Bradley Counseling Center/Allendale Association



Mental Health Considerations during COVID-19 Outbreak

6 March 2020

In January 2020 the World Health Organization (WHO) declared the outbreak of a new coronavirus disease in Hubei Province, China to be a Public Health Emergency of International Concern. WHO stated there is a high risk of the 2019 coronavirus disease (COVID-19) spreading to other countries around the world.

WHO and public health authorities around the world are taking action to contain the COVID-19 outbreak. However, this time of crisis is generating stress in the population. These mental health considerations were developed by the Mental Health Department as support for mental and psychological well-being during COVID-19 outbreak.

General population

- 1. COVID-19 has and is likely to affect people from many countries, in many geographical locations. Don't attach it to any ethnicity or nationality. Be empathetic to those who got affected, in and from any country, those with the disease have not done anything wrong.
- 2. Don't refer to people with the disease as "COVID-19 cases", "victims" "COVID-19 families" or the "diseased". They are "people who have COVID-19", "people who are being treated for COVID-19", "people who are recovering from COVID-19" and after recovering from COVID-19 their life will go on with their jobs, families and loved ones.
- 3. Avoid watching, reading or listening to news that cause you to feel anxious or distressed; seek information mainly to take practical steps to prepare your plans and protect yourself and loved ones. Seek information updates at specific times during the day once or twice. The sudden and near-constant stream of news reports about an outbreak can cause anyone to feel worried. Get the facts. Gather information at regular intervals, from WHO website and local health authorities platforms, in order to help you distinguish facts from rumors.
- 4. Protect yourself and be supportive to others. Assisting others in their time of need can benefit the person receiving support as well as the helper.



- 5. Find opportunities to amplify the voices, positive stories and positive images of local people who have experienced the new coronavirus (COVID-19) and have recovered or who have supported a loved one through recovery and are willing to share their experience.
- 6. Honor caretakers and healthcare workers supporting people affected with COVID-19 in your community. Acknowledge the role they play to save lives and keep your loved ones safe.

Health care workers

- 7. For health workers, feeling stressed is an experience that you and many of your health worker colleagues are likely going through; in fact, it is quite normal to be feeling this way in the current situation. Stress and the feelings associated with it are by no means a reflection that you cannot do your job or that you are weak. Managing your stress and psychosocial wellbeing during this time is as important as managing your physical health.
- 8. Take care of your basic needs and employ helpful coping strategies- ensure rest and respite during work or between shifts, eat sufficient and healthy food, engage in physical activity, and stay in contact with family and friends. Avoid using unhelpful coping strategies such as tobacco, alcohol or other drugs. In the long term, these can worsen your mental and physical wellbeing. This is a unique and unprecedent scenario for many workers, particularly if they have not been involved in similar responses. Even so, using the strategies that you have used in the past to manage times of stress can benefit you now. The strategies to benefit feelings of stress are the same, even if the scenario is different.
- 9. Some workers may unfortunately experience avoidance by their family or community due to stigma or fear. This can make an already challenging situation far more difficult. If possible, staying connected with your loved ones including through digital methods is one way to maintain contact. Turn to your colleagues, your manager or other trusted persons for social support- your colleagues may be having similar experiences to you.
- 10. Use understandable ways to share messages with people with intellectual, cognitive and psychosocial disabilities. Forms of communication that do not rely solely on written information should be utilized If you are a team leader or manager in a health facility.



Team leaders or managers in health facility

- 11. Keeping all staff protected from chronic stress and poor mental health during this response means that they will have a better capacity to fulfil their roles.
- 12. Ensure good quality communication and accurate information updates are provided to all staff. Rotate workers from high-stress to lower-stress functions. Partner inexperienced workers with their more experiences colleagues. The buddy system helps to provide support, monitor stress and reinforce safety procedures. Ensure that outreach personnel enter the community in pairs. Initiate, encourage and monitor work breaks. Implement flexible schedules for workers who are directly impacted or have a family member impacted by a stressful event.
- 13. If you are a team leader or manager in a health facility, facilitate access to, and ensure staff are aware of where they can access mental health and psychosocial support services. Managers and team leads are also facing similar stressors as their staff, and potentially additional pressure in the level of responsibility of their role. It is important that the above provisions and strategies are in place for both workers and managers, and that managers are able to role-model self-care strategies to mitigate stress.
- 14. Orient responders, including nurses, ambulance drivers, volunteers, case identifiers, teachers and community leaders and workers in quarantine sites, on how to provide basic emotional and practical support to affected people using psychological first aid.

For caretakers of children

- 15. Help children find positive ways to express disturbing feelings such as fear and sadness. Every child has his/her own way to express emotions. Sometimes engaging in a creative activity, such as playing, and drawing can facilitate this process. Children feel relieved if they can express and communicate their disturbing feelings in a safe and supportive environment.
- 16. Keep children close to their parents and family, if considered safe for the child, and avoid separating children and their caregivers as much as possible. If a child needs to be separated from his/her primary caregiver, ensure that appropriate alternative care is and that a social worker, or equivalent, will regularly follow up on the child. Further, ensure that during periods of separation, regular contact with parents and caregivers is maintained, such as twice-daily scheduled phone or video calls or other age-appropriate communication (e.g., social media depending on the age of the child).



- 17. Maintain familiar routines in daily life as much as possible, especially if children are confined to home. Provide engaging age appropriate activities for children. As much as possible, encourage children to continue to play and socialize with others, even if only within the family when advised to restrict social contract.
- 18. During times of stress and crisis, it is common for children to seek more attachment and be more demanding on parents Discuss the COVID-19 with your Children in honest and age-appropriate information. If your children have concerns, addressing those together may ease their anxiety. Children will observe adults' behaviors and emotions for cues on how to manage their own emotions during difficult times.

For caretakers of older adults

- 19. Older adults, especially in isolation and those with cognitive decline/dementia, may become more anxious, angry, stressed, agitated, and withdrawn during the outbreak/while in quarantine. Provide practical and emotional support through informal networks (families) and health professionals.
- 20. Share simple facts about what is going on and give clear information about how to reduce risk of infection in words older people with/without cognitive impairment can understand. Repeat the information whenever necessary. Instructions need to be communicated in a clear, concise, respectful and patient way, and it may also be helpful for information to be displayed in writing or pictures. Engage their family and other support networks in providing information and helping them practice prevention measures (e.g. handwashing etc.)
- 21. Encourage older adults with expertise, experiences and strengths to volunteer in community efforts to respond to the COVID-19 outbreak (for example the well/healthy retired older population can provide peer support, neighbor checking, and childcare for medical personnel restricted in hospitals fighting against COVID-19.)

People in isolation

22. Stay connected and maintain your social networks. Even in situations of isolations, try as much as possible to keep your personal daily routines. If health authorities have recommended limiting your physical social contact to contain the outbreak, you can stay connected via e-mail, social media, video conference and telephone.



- 23. During times of stress, pay attention to your own needs and feelings. Engage in healthy activities that you enjoy and find relaxing. Exercise regularly, keep regular sleep routines and eat healthy food. Keep things in perspective. Public health agencies and experts in all countries are working on the outbreak to ensure the availability of the best care to those affected.
- 24. A near-constant stream of news reports about an outbreak can cause anyone to feel anxious or distressed. Seek information updates and practical guidance at specific times during the day from health professionals and WHO website and avoid listening to or following rumors that make you feel uncomfortable.

Stay informed:

Find the latest information from WHO on where COVID-19 is spreading: https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/situation-reports/

Advice and guidance from WHO on COVID-19

https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019

https://www.epi-win.com/